

# New Zealand's Electoral Roll Database

## A PostgreSQL case study

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## 1 New Zealand's Electoral Roll

Overview of New Zealand's electoral system

How we use the electoral roll

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How we use the electoral roll

## 2 Using an PostgreSQL

Why we are using PostgreSQL  
Supporting a dynamic development environment  
Conclusions

# New Zealand's electoral system



- MMP electoral system
- 120 members of parliament
- Westminster system, with only one house
- Elections every 3 years
- 70 electorates

## Provision for Māori voters



Māori Party leaders,  
Tariana Turia & Pita Sharples

- Treaty of Waitangi in 1840
- Māori seats established permanently in 1876
- Two electoral rolls: General and Māori
- Māori option exercised every five years

# Registrars of Electors



- 70 **Registrars of electors** maintain the electoral roll
- Legally the roll consists of signed forms stored in electoral offices!
- The Electoral Enrolment Centre supports the Registrars
- Offices located all over the country
- 2.9 million voters, 95.4% enrolled

# Enrolling online



## Check Your Enrolment Details

Scroll down for help information

### Check Your Enrolment Details

Please enter your name and date of birth.

Surname	<input type="text"/>	e.g. Smith
Forenames	<input type="text"/>	e.g. Jane Heather
Date of Birth	<input type="text"/>	e.g. 26/11/1972
	<input type="button" value="Next"/>	

All fields are required, although you may leave the 'Forenames' field blank if you do not have forenames.

- Voters can check and update details on roll
- New enrolments made
- 81 thousand online transactions in 2005
- Abuse detection systems in place

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- New enrolments made
- 81 thousand online transactions in 2005
- Abuse detection systems in place
- Voters not actually enrolled until signed form returned





# Maintaining the roll

## Information direct from the public

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- Update forms when people change details
- Direct update campaigns
- Approximately 1.5 million new records / edits each year

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## Data match campaigns

- Other government agencies provide data
- Potential inaccuracies are identified
- Correspondence generated to matched people
- 179 thousand data matches in March 2007

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## Roll productions

- Rolls get printed on a regular schedule
- Provided to libraries, political parties, etc.
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## Special vote checking

- some people have a good reason not to be published
- In order to vote they need to make a special declaration
- Special votes are checked against the electoral roll data in the days after an election

## Other uses for electoral data

### Nationwide statistical analysis

- The country is divided into land parcels called mesh blocks
- There are approx. 33,000 mesh blocks covering the country
- Electoral roll data is shared with the Dept. of Statistics to allow them to maintain the mesh blocks

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### Postal address sanitation

- NZ Post keeps a database of all addresses
- Data matching and sharing helps ensure accuracy in both data sets

# Why we are using PostgreSQL





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- A client / server architecture
- Oracle databases, Visual Basic code base

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- Distributed database with overnight synchronisation
- A client / server architecture
- Oracle databases, Visual Basic code base
- System was unresponsive
- Needed to be replaced

# Making a switch to open source

Apache + mod\_perl

PostgreSQL

Debian Linux

Sun opteron

## New architecture

- Centralised database with increased data integrity
- Internet to provide web based access over ADSL modems
- Linux, PostgreSQL, Apache and Perl

## Choosing open source

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- Flexibility of deployment and generic hardware
- **Cost effective**

# Choosing PostgreSQL

- Completely open source license
- Strong support for data constraints
- Transaction and concurrency scaling
- Replication using RServ (soon Slony)
- Active and friendly development community
- Plays happily on debian linux



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- Changes to business rules
- New feature requirements
- Increases in data volumes

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- Changes to business rules
- New feature requirements
- Increases in data volumes
- **Constant change!**

# Continuous integration

## EEC Regression Test Logs

Project root: /home/grant/ /eec

**2006-07-20** 5 log(s)

11:26:48  31 successes, 2 failures, 0 skipped. 

public/enrolling\_online/022\_pers\_detail\_dob.test

public/enrolling\_online/096\_correspondence\_queue.test

11:21:15  32 successes, 1 failures, 0 skipped.

11:20:50  32 successes, 1 failures, 0 skipped.

09:57:51  10 successes, 0 failures, 0 skipped.

09:18:59  10 successes, 0 failures, 0 skipped.

**2006-07-18** 2 log(s)

**2006-07-14** 20 log(s)

**2006-07-13** 37 log(s)

- Regression tests get run automatically
- Code cannot get deployed until all tests are passing
- Tests are run continuously, all day, every day

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public/enrolling\_online/022\_pers\_detail\_dob.test

- Expected
- Received
- Diff

```
{
  displaycomponent => '/app/enrol/index.html',
  surname         => 'Wallaphocter',
  forenames      => 'Ignatius Quantifico',
  dateofbirth    => '30/4/2055',
  error_detail   => {
    invalid      => [
      'dateofbirth',
    ],
    label       => {
      - dateofbirth => 'Date of Birth',
      + dateofbirth => 'Date of Birth',
    },
    message     => [
      '\Date of Birth\' must be in the past',
    ],
    missing    => [
    ],
  },
}
```

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- Developers are sent notification of test failures

# Continuous integration

## EEC Regression Test Logs

Project root: /home/finlay/test-dev /eec [Get Logs](#)

2006-07-20 1 log(s)

09:07:41 1899 successes, 1 failures, 9 skipped. db/schema/schema\_check.test

- Expected
- Received
- Diff

```
> 'Power Designer vs Patches comparison'
+ 'Power Designer vs Patches comparison'
+ Statements in patches, but not in power designer:
+ -----
+ GRANT SELECT ON TABLE office TO session_management;
+
+ 1
```

2006-07-19 7 log(s)

2006-07-18 7 log(s)

2006-07-17 8 log(s)

2006-07-16 8 log(s)

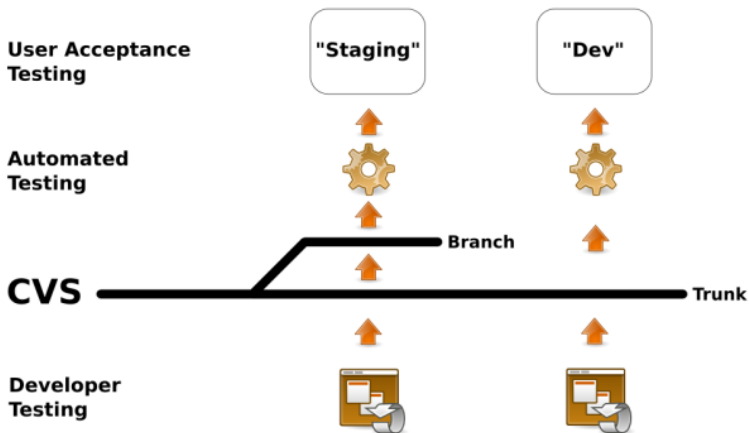
2006-07-15 8 log(s)

2006-07-14 8 log(s)

2006-07-13 8 log(s)

- Regression tests get run automatically
- Code cannot get deployed until all tests are passing
- Tests are run continuously, all day, every day
- Developers are sent notification of test failures
- **Name and shame**

# Continuous integration



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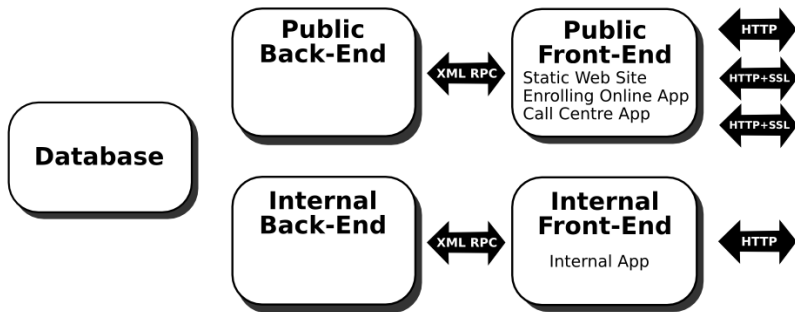
- Makes development faster and easier
- Increased confidence to make big changes to code base
- Works against code rot

# Continuous integration

- Makes development faster and easier
- Increased confidence to make big changes to code base
- Works against code rot
- Provides the required level of stability



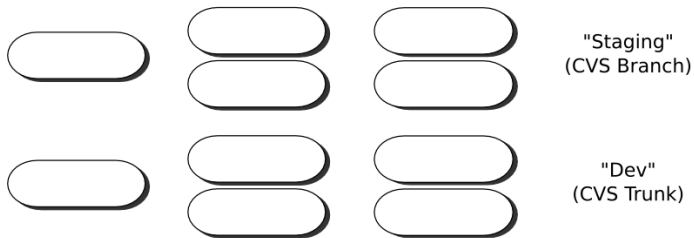
# System architecture



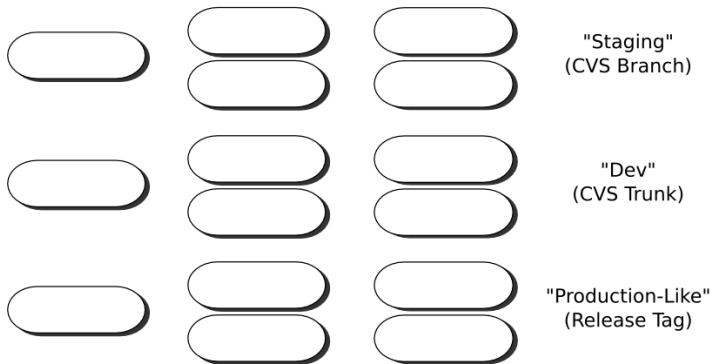
# User acceptance testing



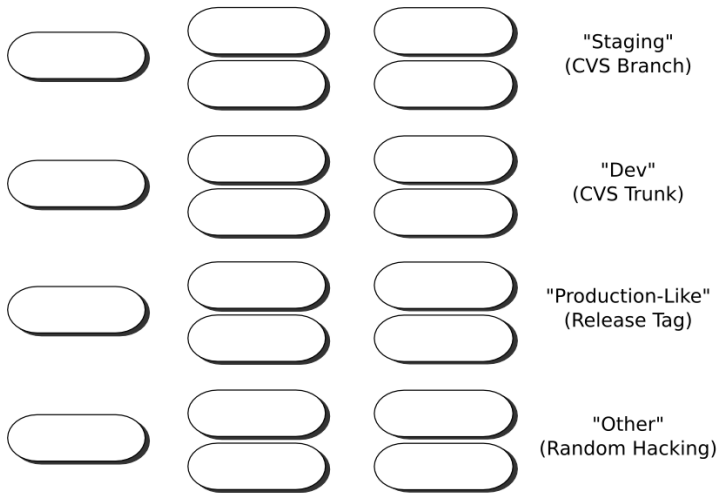
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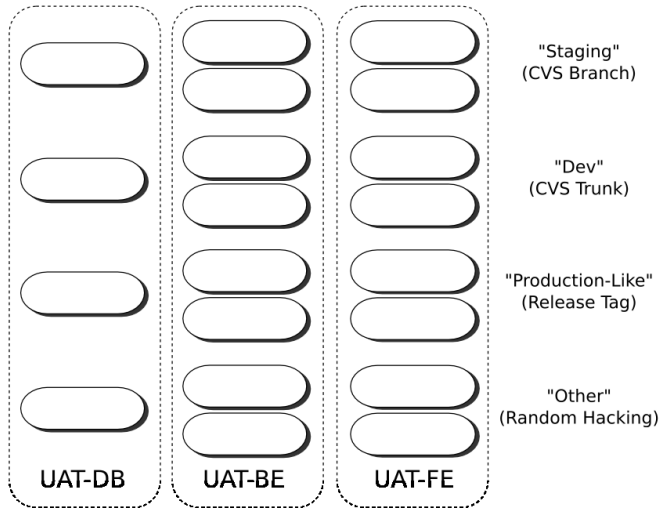
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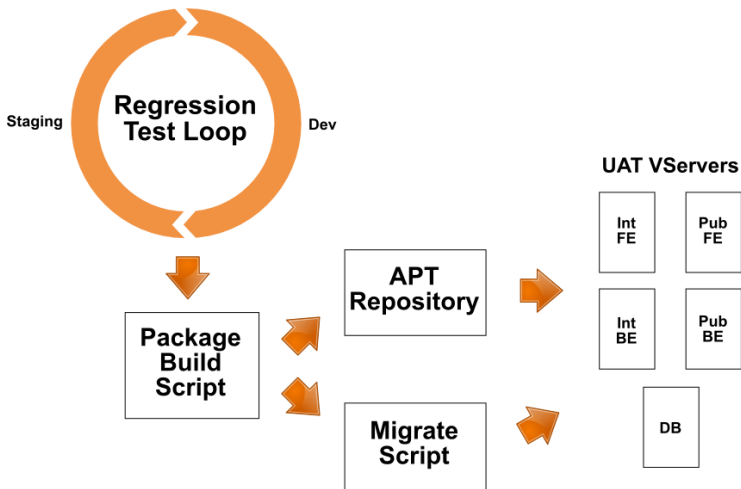
# User acceptance testing



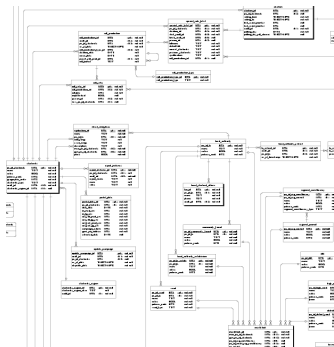
# Linux VServers



# User acceptance testing



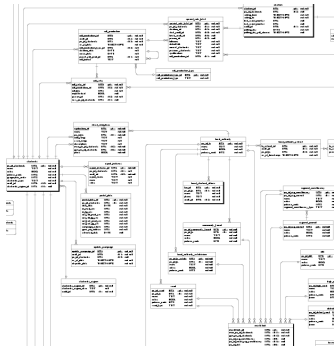
# Database schema patching



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- Rolling database patches
- Patches checked in with associated code
- Modeled in Power Designer



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- Rolling database patches
- Patches checked in with associated code
- Modeled in Power Designer
- Regression test the model

# The configuration problem is hard

- Complexity is the enemy of stability
- 36 Computers
- 25 Virtual Linux servers

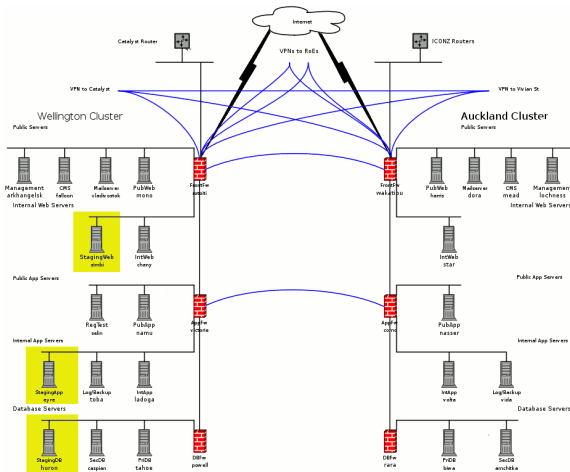
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- 36 Computers
- 25 Virtual Linux servers
- Many different software packages
- Hundreds of configuration settings
- **Make it automatic!**

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## Automatic installation and update

- All changes start with updated code
- Automatically applied in regression testing and user acceptance environments
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## Tools

- FAI - fully automatic installation (debian)
- APT - lots of custom debian packages
- CFengine - cluster aware configuration
- CVS - code repository

# Conclusions

## Planning for constant change

- Need to expect requirements to constantly change
- Computer systems are complex
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## Using open source tools

- Flexibility to make decisions according to technical requirements, not license agreements
- Not locked into particular vendor
- Security in being able to fix problems ourselves

# Conclusions

## Electoral Enrolment Centre

- Remains a reliable and effective system through many changes
- On going costs directed at improvement not licenses
- Medium to long term security in the technology